

# The Anderson Daily Intelligence

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ANDERSON, S. C., TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 2, 1914.

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## "MEDIATION" MAY BE BALKED

BY THE EVIDENT STUBBORNNESS OF THE CONSTITUTIONALIST

### HITCH SOMEWHERE

Although Everything Seems To Be Moving Slowly But Surely To a Peace Protocol

(By Associated Press.)  
Washington, June 1.—American delegates to the Mexican mediation conference at Niagara Falls were in frequent communication today with the Washington government in relation, it is said, to the fact in the negotiations which has arisen since the note was sent last week to the mediators outlining the position of the constitutionalists. It further was reported that the matter of recognizing or rejecting representatives of the constitutionalists as participants in the peace conference now was squarely up to the mediators themselves.

It was stated here that General Huerta's representatives had regarded the development with a degree of favor as indicating hope for future peace. Their determination to leave the matter to the mediators, it was asserted, was reached by the Mexican delegates on the day that Mr. Urrutid, representing Rafael Zubaran, arrived from Washington with the Carranza note.

That Justice Lamar and Mr. Lehmann have been urging recognition of Carranza seemed more apparent than ever in Washington tonight. Late last night, a long communication was addressed to the American commission from the state department after a conference between President Wilson and Secretary Bryan. After they had received it, other communications passed between them and the Washington government. President Wilson personally sent messages to his representatives the nature of which was held in the strictest confidence. He still follows closely his policy of silence regarding the mediation proceedings.

"Is mediation progressing satisfactorily?" Secretary Bryan was asked. "It can be said that the conference is progressing satisfactorily," he said with a smile.

Whether mediation will come to naught in case the South American envoys should determine to reject all proposals for enlarging the scope of the conference as include representatives of the Mexican revolutionists was the uppermost subject of discussion here today. Many held that the Huerta's representatives would be adhered to and that the United States would then await developments in Mexico.

Others inclined to the view that the constitutionalists would proceed with increased vigor to the physical overthrow of the Huerta regime, capture the government at Mexico City and then protest there was nothing to mediate.

Some definite announcement from the mediators regarding the problem is expected here hourly. Representatives of the Constitutionalists conferred again during the day.

They insisted that no news had been received to alter their position.

### A Mansion Burned.

Windsor, England, June 1.—Fire which the police say was started by suffragettes, today destroyed a mansion near here. The house was formerly the residence of the Duchess of Sutherland.

## Gen. Carranza Sarcastic In An Impudent Message

(By Associated Press.)  
El Paso Tex., June 1.—A semi-official statement from General Carranza's headquarters at Durango, criticizing the actions of the "A. B. C." mediators at Niagara Falls, and an announcement from General Villa reiterating his allegiance as a military leader to Carranza, were the developments today of the Mexican situation from Torreon on his way from here. Villa arrived at Chihuahua, Juarez, Carranza was reported as having begun preparations to move by way of Torreon to Saltillo where he will perfect his provisional government was established several days ago, was addressed to the press of the United States with a note to the effect that it had official sanction, although it was not a formal declaration. The telegram, in part, follows:

"The dominant sentiment of the constitutionalists regarding the proceedings of the mediation commission at Niagara Falls is one of astonishment that there should be such an apparent lack of understanding on the part of that body, not only with regard to conditions in Mexico, but as to the attitude of the constitutionalists regarding the mediators. This lack of under-

## COTTON CROP IS AWAY OFF

BIG SLUMP IS REPORTED FROM TEXAS AND OKLAHOMA

### OTHERS NOT SO BAD

Georgia Shows a Good Crop Prospect But Texas' Big Yield Is a Sockdolager

Washington, June 1.—Comparisons of conditions on May 25, by states follow:

States	1914	1913	10-yr. av.
Virginia	83	83	85
North Carolina	76	76	83
South Carolina	72	68	79
Georgia	80	69	80
Florida	82	81	84
Alabama	80	75	80
Mississippi	85	81	79
Louisiana	87	81	79
Texas	82	81	78
Arkansas	85	84	81
Tennessee	79	85	80
Missouri	86	80	82
Oklahoma	68	87	83
California	100	96	—

Washington, June 1.—The condition of the cotton crop of the country is lowest since 1871, with the exception of 1903 and 1907, the department of agriculture announced today. It issued statistics showing the condition on May 25 as 74.3 per cent of a normal, or seven per cent below the ten year average.

The low condition of the crop, it was said, was due largely to excessive rains and exceptionally cool nights in central and northeastern Texas, eastern and southern Oklahoma, and southwestern Arkansas, which brought the condition percentage in those states down to 65, 68 and 79 respectively. In Texas many farmers were obliged to replant several times.

Estimate of the acreage planted to cotton will be made by the department until July 31. Unofficial estimates of the acreage have placed it from 3.5 per cent decrease to 1 per cent increase.

In a detailed review of the conditions in the cotton states, the department makes favorable report on the progress of the crop in the heavy producing sections of Mississippi and parts of Louisiana, Oklahoma, Georgia, Arkansas and Alabama. In Texas, says the statement, cotton is making one of the poorest starts witnessed in many years.

Went in Mississippi.

The Mississippi crop is probably ten or twelve days late. There is some complaint of weevils. But "taking the state as a whole," the department says, "conditions are excellent."

In parts of Oklahoma, the department says, the crop will average as much as 3 weeks late, while too much rain in lower sections has prevented cultivation. In semi-arid regions, however, the crop is declared to be in excellent condition.

While the crop is declared to be ten days to two weeks late in Alabama, general conditions of cultivation are regarded as excellent. Cool weather has restarted growth somewhat and weevils are active in the southwestern portion of the state.

By far the most promising conditions to be found in Texas, says the report, are in the northwest, where "rains have given the best asset of moisture in six or eight years." In the greater part of the state, however, excessive

has retarded growth somewhat and cool weather has caused poor germination. Much replanting has been necessary. The report adds:

"The rains seem to have ceased in most portions of the state and great activity is now being witnessed in all the affected cotton area. Labor seems ample and if sunshine will prevail for a week or ten days, the crop can be well cleaned."

Good Crop In Georgia.

The early planted cotton in Georgia, "consisting of probably eighty per cent of the total acreage," is reported in good condition. "A small portion of the crop is not up, and will not come up until it rains," adds the report. The Georgia crop is estimated to be about a week late.

In North Carolina the crop is about two weeks late, due to dry, cool weather. The early planted cotton, however, is reported as in "almost perfect condition."

Dry weather is held responsible for the backwardness of the crop in South Carolina, where "probably twenty per cent" is reported as not up to stand. Dry winds have necessitated much replanting, and rain is needed to germinate the late planted seeds. "The cotton standing is in almost perfect condition," says the report.

Louisiana conditions are declared to be "too wet or too dry, but generally the crop is satisfactory." Some late planted seed is not up, and the crop averages about two weeks late, increasing danger from boll weevil.

"Southwestern Arkansas," says the report, "has had entirely too much rain. The fields in that section are foul with grass and weeds, and a portion of the crop is up, and the plant is perhaps only half as large as it should be at this time. It lacks vigor, the color being rather poor."

Some sections of Florida have suffered poor stands account of the dry weather, but plants are well cultivated.

## MAY LEGALIZE LABOR UNIONS

ACTION OF HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES ON THE WEBB BILL

### HAS NO OPPOSITION

Would End the Sherman Law Provision Making a Labor Union a Trust

Washington, June 1.—Trade unions and farmers' unions would be specifically legalized in their existence and declared not to be combinations or restraints of trade by a paragraph which the house today incorporated in the Clayton bill to supplement the anti-trust laws.

Although it is decided only to clarify existing law, organized labor leaders say the final passage of this amendment will mark the culmination of a fight waged by them for fourteen years—since the passage of the Sherman anti-trust law for exemption from prosecution under the laws against monopolies and restraint of trade. On a vote to perfect the labor provision the house was recorded 207 for and none against.

As adopted the provision declares that "nothing in the anti-trust law shall be construed to forbid the existence or operation" of labor unions or farmers' co-operative associations, or to forbid or restrain members of such organizations from "carrying out the legitimate objects thereof." Supplemental to this provision, the house adopted an amendment proposed by Representative Webb, in charge of this bill, and agreed on by organized labor representatives, which would provide that these organizations shall not be held or construed to be illegal combinations or conspiracies in restraint of trade under the anti-trust laws.

Progressive Leader Murdock and others asserted that it would be years before the courts would define finally just how far the exemption went and what it meant.

### FRENCH CABINET QUILTS

Will Assign Reasons In An Official Statement Saturday.

Paris, June 1.—The French cabinet under the premiership of Gaston Doumergue has decided to resign. The resolution was reached at a cabinet council today.

The cabinet will meet tomorrow to draft a statement explaining the reasons for its retirement.

Harrowing Scenes.

Quebec, June 1.—The work of identifying the bodies of the victims of the Empress of Ireland disaster, began immediately after the bodies were landed. The most important of the identifications made to date was that of the body of the late Sir Henry Sten-Karr, the big game hunter. Many harrowing scenes were witnessed in the temporary morgue as relatives or friends found persons for whom they were seeking.

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## AFTER MAIN LINES FOR ELECTRIC CITY

Chamber of Commerce Makes Appeal to the Management of the Southern To Consider this City In Plans For Double Track From Greenville To Atlanta

Having understood that the directors of the Southern Railway are to meet in Washington today for the purpose of formulating plans relative to double-tracking the road from Greenville to Gainesville, the Anderson Chamber of Commerce took steps yesterday to have Anderson's claims to the main line considered. It is believed that a line from Greenville to Anderson and on to Atlanta would be a shorter route, or certainly as short, as the system followed by the route now and it is a known fact that a road from Greenville and on to Atlanta via Anderson would be a paying proposition for the railroad.

If Anderson has a chance to demonstrate her willingness to furnish business for the road and an opportunity to place her offer before the railroad directors it is believed that plans can be made by which the route will be diverted and come to this city.

The following is a telegram sent last night by Secretary Whaley to President Fairfax Harrison of the Southern Railway:

Hon. Fairfax Harrison,  
President Southern Railway,  
Washington, D. C.

Understanding that the Board of Directors of the Southern Railway meets in Washington today to consider the double-tracking of your line from Greenville to Gainesville, we would beg to call your attention to great and attractive possibilities in building this line by way of Anderson, which will cost less, get more business and give this city a through line. Anderson will assist to her means in the matter and is ready to send a delegation to see you and your directors either now or at any time, for the purpose of going into the matter more fully. This proposition offers many various inducements over double-tracking the present line, also Anderson stands ready at any time to render assistance in extension of Blue Ridge railroad through the mountains. Please wire reply.

Anderson Chamber of Commerce.

It is believed that the railroad officials will look with favor upon Anderson's proposition and that they will at least give this city a chance to show what the proposition means.

### They Will Get the Money.

Atlanta, Ga., June 1.—The Atlanta and Charlotte Air Line railroad, leased by the Southern Railway, today applied to the Georgia Railway Commission here for permission to issue \$20,000,000 thirty years, five per cent bonds. The amount of \$5,500,000 is desired for use in retiring a like amount of outstanding bonds. The remaining \$14,500,000 is asked, as needed for use in double-tracking the lines of the company and making terminal improvements.

## CLOSING FESTIVITIES BEGIN AT WINTHROP

Mock Commencement Causes Much Fun—President's Reception to Senior Class

Rock Hill, June 1.—"Coming events cast their shadow before," his said, and if the success of the "mock commencement" held at Winthrop College Friday evening prerages success, then Winthrop's ending festivities for 1914, will break the record. This was a benefit affair for the Winthrop annual and was greatly enjoyed. Certain prominent personages who have spoken in the auditorium were mimicked to perfection in the various "addresses" made. In the delivery of diplomas the degrees of B. P. O. E. R. F. D., C. O. D., R. S. V. P., and others were conferred, some of them only after strenuous objection on the part of some of the quondam officers and faculty members. The whole affair was carried off in the best spirit and was very clever indeed.

The president's reception to the senior class an affair of the commencement season which is looked forward to with delight, anticipated, was given Friday evening at their home on the campus by President and Mrs. Johnson. All things proved favorable and the affair was a most pleasant one. The home was decorated in the class colors, yellow and blue, and brown-eyed susans were everywhere in evidence, while six juniors in yellow and white served the refreshments. Miss Withers, Mrs. Funkhouser, Miss Chamberlayne and Prof. Thomson met the guests at the door; Mirces Marcum and Dantz presided at the punch bowl and Misses Whitmore, Patten and Means in the dining hall. Receiving with President and Mrs. Johnson were several members of the faculty and officers of the College and the class officers: Miss Ella Wilker, president; Miss Virginia Taylor, vice president; Miss Frances Marshall, secretary; Miss Mary Mendenhall, treasurer.

## MINERS WIN OUT

Owners Will Have to Collect Dues For The Unions.

Charleston, W. Va., June 1.—Yielding to the contention of the miners that the operating companies should collect the union dues of the United Mine Workers of America, a number of coal companies operating on Paint Creek today signed a working agreement and reduced the number of idle miners from 12,000 to approximately 8,000.

At other points in the Kanawha coal field formal settlement was expected before the end of the week.

## BLEASE WON'T LET SOLDIERS ENCAMP

Says It Is Inopportune Time For Guard to Leave States—Correspondence in Case

Columbia, June 1.—Gov. Blease has refused to allow the South Carolina troops to participate in the encampment of the ninth division at Augusta, Ga., assigning as a reason that in view of the Mexican situation he does not think the troops should leave the state. He promises that if the peace conference results satisfactorily he will take the matter up for further consideration. The decision was made known in a letter from the governor to the adjutant general.

"The reasons you assign for refusing to allow the National Guard to participate in these instructions are not well founded," says Adj. Gen. Moore, in a letter replying to Gov. Blease. He points out that the militia could be transported to the mobilization camp at Camp Willie Jones in five hours if war breaks out with Mexico, and could be more quickly mobilized than if they were at their home stations. He asks the governor to reconsider his decision and permit the troops to go to Augusta.

Gov. Blease's Letter.

The following is a copy of the letter received by Adj. Gen. Moore from Gov. Blease:

"I am in receipt of a communication from you, transmitting communication signed W. A. Simpson, requesting information regarding the joint encampment of instruction to be held near Augusta, Ga., for the troops of the ninth militia division from July 10 to August 12, 1914, inclusive. You request me to advise you at once whether it is my intention to have the National Guard of this state participate in these instructions on the dates mentioned. In reply I beg to say that in view of the present Mexican situation I do not think the South Carolina troops should leave the state to participate in this encampment. If the peace conference now being held should result satisfactorily I will then take the matter up for further consideration."

The communication was signed by the governor as commander-in-chief of the National Guard.

Following is Adj. Gen. Moore's reply:

"I beg to acknowledge receipt of your letter of May 29, in reply to information upon letter from the commanding officer of the department of the east, requesting information as to whether you proposed to have the National Guard of this state participate

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## HUERTA HIKES IS THE REPORT

SAID TO BE ON HIS WAY FROM MEXIC CAPITAL TO THE COAST

### HIS WIFE HAS GONE

Such Is the Statement That Has Reached Vera Cruz—Ships Acted Somewhat Strange

(By Associated Press.)  
Vera Cruz, June 1.—Coincident with the sailing of the Hamburg-American steamer Ypiranga from here late today, persistent rumors, originating in Mexico City and brought here by refugees, were circulated that Senora Huerta and her four sons were aboard the ship. The Ypiranga cleared for Europe by way of Havana. As she left the harbor the German cruiser Dresden unexpectedly hauled up anchor and followed to sea. There is no means to verify the report or to get a positive denial.

A similar report of a more vague nature was in circulation Saturday, but this the ship's officers and agents denied.

There was an element of mystery, however, in each locked statement, originally reserved for Dr. Urrutid, the former minister of interior, which were not obtainable, although he had proceeded to the United States.

According to the reports in Mexico City, Senora Huerta and her sons went to Puerto Mexico several days ago on a special train escorted by palace guards, boarded the Ypiranga there and remained in seclusion during the steamer's stay in this port.

It was reported also from the capital that Senora Huerta drew from the bank one million pesos before she started.

Still another report from the capital had it that President Huerta himself had left for Puerto Mexico several days ago in a sleeping car, with train loads of the 29th infantry ahead and behind. Refugees declare that they passed a train of this nature this morning on the way from Mexico City and noted that more than 200 soldiers of the 29th infantry were aboard.

These reports are generally discredited here but are viewed as showing a general belief in the capital that Huerta may depart secretly at any moment.

### VOLCANO IN CALIFORNIA

The First Eruption In Seventy Years. It Is Said.

(By Associated Press.)  
Redding, Cal., June 1.—Mount Lassen, a latent volcano, of the Cascade range erupted for 18 hours beginning Saturday, throwing out smoke, steam, rocks and volcanic ash. Tonight the mountain again was quiet. An expedition will go to the peak tomorrow to see if a new crater has been formed.

The outbreak is the first recorded in California in seventy years and the first of any importance in two hundred years, although the Lassen volcanic region is at the western edge of a lava field reaching as far east as Montana and contains many craters.

W. J. Kushing, forester supervisor at Mineral, is inclined to believe that an active pyxer suddenly had developed, it said his subordinates, who reported the eruption had seen no fire although the disturbance lasted a whole night. The smoke and steam column he said, rose about 200 feet.

Greece Buys Big Boats.

Washington, June 1.—The senate late today amended the naval appropriation bill so as to authorize the sale of the battleships Idaho and Mis-Greece is understood to be the prospective purchaser.

### SAVED 418

Montreal, June 1.—The latest lists furnished by the Canadian Pacific Railway indicate that a total of 969 persons perished in the wreck of the Empress of Ireland. The saved number 418.

The tabulation follows:

- First cabin: 0
- Passengers carried 37. 0
- Passengers saved 325. 0
- Passengers lost 65. 0
- Second and third class, (of whom 153 were second class): 0
- Passengers carried, 868. 0
- Passengers saved 18. 0
- Passengers lost 888. 0
- Crew: 0
- Carried 432. 0
- Saved 206. 0
- Lost 226. 0

### THE SENATORIAL RACE IN IOWA IS NOW LINED UP

Des Moines, Iowa, June 1.—Senator Albert B. Cummins today was nominated for re-election to the United States senate by about 40,000 over A. C. Savage, according to estimates based on early returns tonight from the primary election.

Congressman Connolly apparently defeated E. T. Meredith by 20,000 for the democratic senatorial nomination.

### NEW YORK EXCITED

New York, June 1.—Notwithstanding the big advance of the past two or three weeks, still higher prices were established in the cotton market after the publication of the government crop report today, with October and December contracts selling about

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## CAUCUS MEETS BUT NO "NEWS"

THAT IS THE REPORT RECEIVED FROM COLUMBIA LAST NIGHT

### NO WITHDRAWALS

That Is About All That Can Be Gathered From the Meeting At Capital Monday

In view of the published statements in this paper last week from "Sinbad," a close friend of Senator McLaurin, to the effect that there would be some kind of caucus or conference among Blaine leaders in Columbia this week, The Intelligence made inquiry of Columbia last night and was informed that there was no news.

It was stated that there are about 50 known Blaine leaders in Columbia, but they deny being in any conference. Sam J. Nichols, at Spartanburg, Sunday told some Anderson friends that he was going to such a caucus in Columbia today, and it has been talked openly in Columbia.

It is reported that John Richards is one of the candidates for governor who attended the conference. The supporters of Senator McLaurin have resented Richards' trying to nose him out, and it is said that there is some bad feeling over this proposition.

There have been rumors that Gov. Blaine is being urged to make the race for governor, for the sentiment seems to be growing that his party will have a hard time to elect a governor out of the present mixup unless several candidates voluntarily withdraw.

It is also rumored that Dominick and Geo. Bell Timmerman have been urged to run. One rumor had it that Senator Clifton, of Sumter, might get into the race. The whole matter is greatly muddled.

One thing is expected out of Columbia if the conference should be held, and that is some statement as to the enrollment of voters.

About all that could be learned from Columbia last night was that there seemed to be a good deal of soreness on the part of friends of some candidates for governor because those candidates had been asked to stand aside to make way for others. Just how much accuracy there is in the rumors could not be learned last night.

### CUMMINS NOMINATED

The Senatorial Race In Iowa Is Now Lined Up

Des Moines, Iowa, June 1.—Senator Albert B. Cummins today was nominated for re-election to the United States senate by about 40,000 over A. C. Savage, according to estimates based on early returns tonight from the primary election.

Congressman Connolly apparently defeated E. T. Meredith by 20,000 for the democratic senatorial nomination.

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